Code No: D2008



JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD **M.TECH II - SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS, APRIL/MAY 2012 PRINCIPLES OF BRIDGE ENGINEERING** (STRUCTURAL ENGINEERING)

Time: 3hours

Max. Marks: 60

Answer any five questions All questions carry equal marks - - -

- 1. What are the loads to be considered for the design of a bridge as per IRC classification? Describe each one indicating how it is calculated.
- 2. Design a slab bridge for the following data: Span 6.5 m clear Road: National Highway-2 Lane Loading IRC70 (Tracked Wheel) Concrete M30 and steel Fe-415 Wearing coat 80 mm average Foot path 1m wide on either side Kerb: 600 mm on either side
- 3. What forces are considered while designing an Elastomeric bearing? Sketch and show how the horizontal movement is taken care of in such a bearing when compared to steel bearings employed earlier. Indicate the changes in design concept for steel movement bearing and elastomeric bearing especially for lateral movements that occur in a bridge.
- 4. Describe the use of following methods of load distribution in Bridge decks indicating the assumptions involved in each. a)
 - Courbon's Method Grillage Analysis Method b)
- 5. Verify the stability of the abutment with the following data: Top width 1.5m Height 4m Back batter 1 in 6 Front face of the abutment is vertical Material RCC Unit weight of soil 18 kN/cum Angle of repose 30 deg Super- structure T beam bridge of 30 m span Loading IRC class AA.

Assume suitable dimensions for the components of the superstructure Assume other data if required

- When do we resort to Grillage Analysis? 6.a)
 - Describe an example of application of Grillage Analysis for a slab deck with b) Longitudinal and transverse beams
 - Describe the issues involved in discretization and modeling the deck and in c) interpretation of results.

- 7.a) What are the advantages of Prestressed concrete bridges over conventional RCC tee beam bridges?
 - b) Why untensioned steel is used in a prestressed concrete bridge?
 - c) Give a neat sketch of the cross section of a prestressed concrete girder bridge indicating the spacing of prestressing and cover details.
- 8. Design a composite bridge superstructure and sub structure using the following data:

Span 18m Number of lanes 2 Live load IRC Class AA Suitable material for Prestressed concrete and prestressing wires. Top level of road embankment 1000m Bed level of stream 992 HFL of stream 994.5m Top level of stream bund 995 Hard soil foundation available at 900m.

Detailed design not necessary

Draw the following views:

Half sectional elevation and half front elevation Cross section of the deck.
